PURDUE UNIVERSITY

Shipping Container Aquaculture in Haiti

Claire Haselhorst (ENRE), Laura Johnson (ENRE), Caroline G. Kelemen (ENRE)

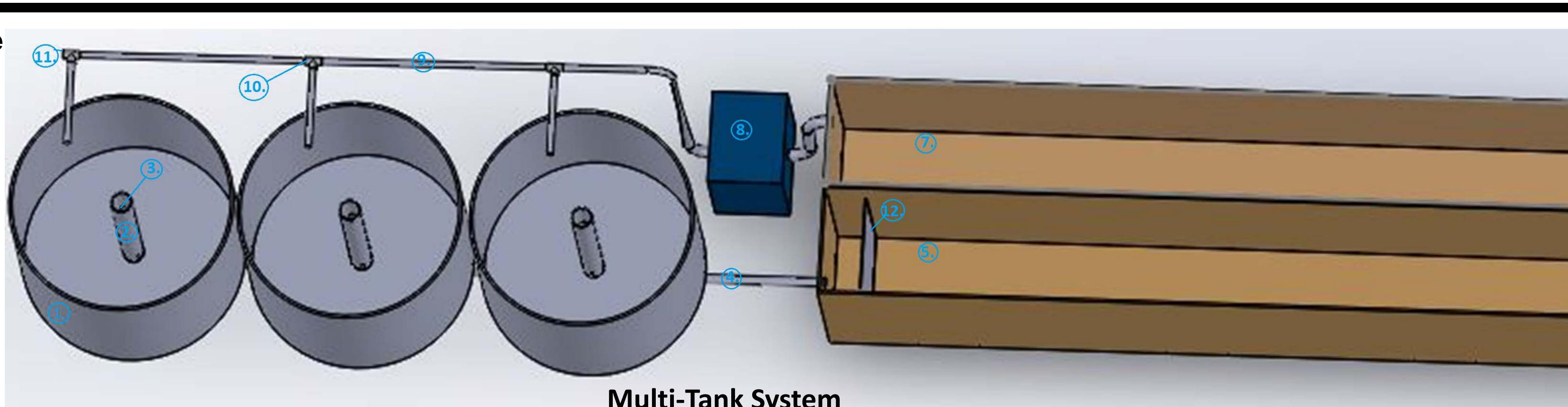
Statement of Problem and Objectives:

A main goal is to design an aquaculture system to provide on site protein and educational resources for Village of Hope in Haiti. The system must fit within a 40 foot shipping container while requiring minimal fuel and labor inputs. The only energy available is electrical energy supplied by diesel generators. Standing water promotes water borne health problems which demands a constant flow in the design. Construction material has to be under \$10,000.00 and readily available in Haiti.



Multi-Tank Aquaculture **Unit Descriptions:**

- 1. Fish Tank
- 2. Outer Stand Pipe
- 3. Inner Stand Pipe
- 4. 2" Food Grade Pipe
- 5. Sedimentation Tank
- 6. 2" Elbow Pipe
- 7. Nitrogen Fixation Tank
- 8. Water Pump
- 9.1" Food Grade Pipe
- 10. 2" T-Joint
- **11. Stop and Valve**
- 12. Break Wall (part of tank)



Analytical System Model:

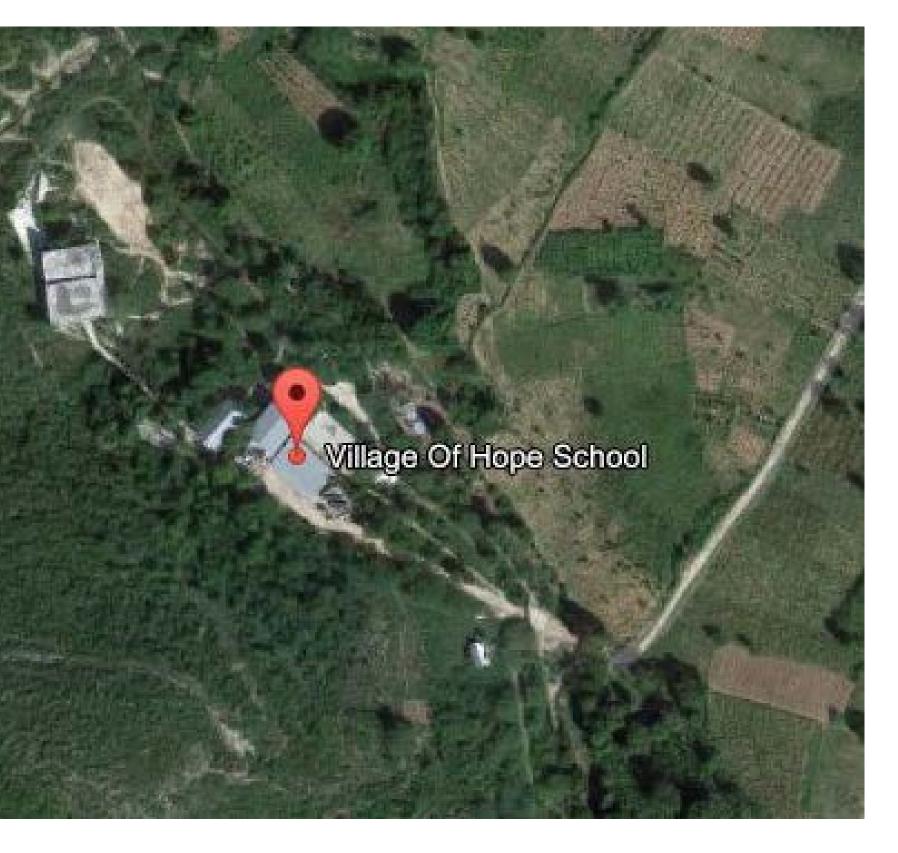
Analytical Cystem Model.		
	Sedimentation and Denitrification:	
235	Minimum Settling Tank Volume (gal)****	720
705	Minimum Settling Tank Surface Area (ft ²)	24
0.3	Minimum Denitrifying Medium (ft ³)**	14
214	Minimum Denitrifying Tank Surface Area (ft ²)	24
3.2	Tank Inflow and Outflow Velocities:	
48 to 96***	Outflow Velocity (fps)	4.89
35	Inflow Velocity (fps)	19.58
	 235 705 0.3 214 3.2 48 to 96*** 35 	Sedimentation and Denitrification:235Minimum Settling Tank Volume (gal)****705Minimum Settling Tank Surface Area (ft²)0.3Minimum Denitrifying Medium (ft³)**214Minimum Denitrifying Tank Surface Area (ft²)3.2Tank Inflow and Outflow Velocities:48 to 96***Outflow Velocity (fps)

Sponsor: **Rick Burnett** Bill Larson

Technical Advisor: Prof. Robert Stwalley Prof. Gary Krutz

Instructors: Prof. Bernard Engel Prof. Robert Stwalley

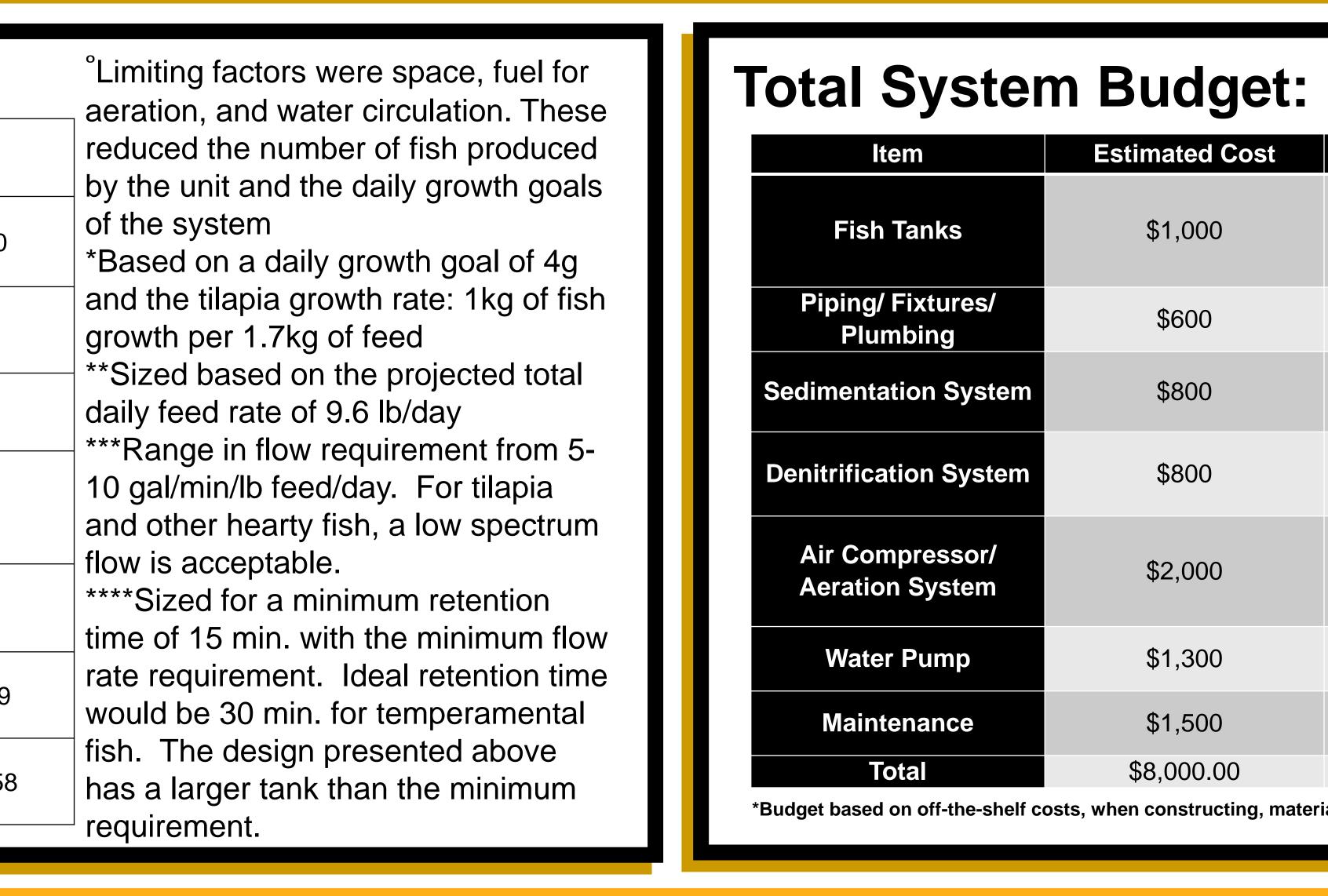
CAPSTONE EXPERIENCE 2015



Background:

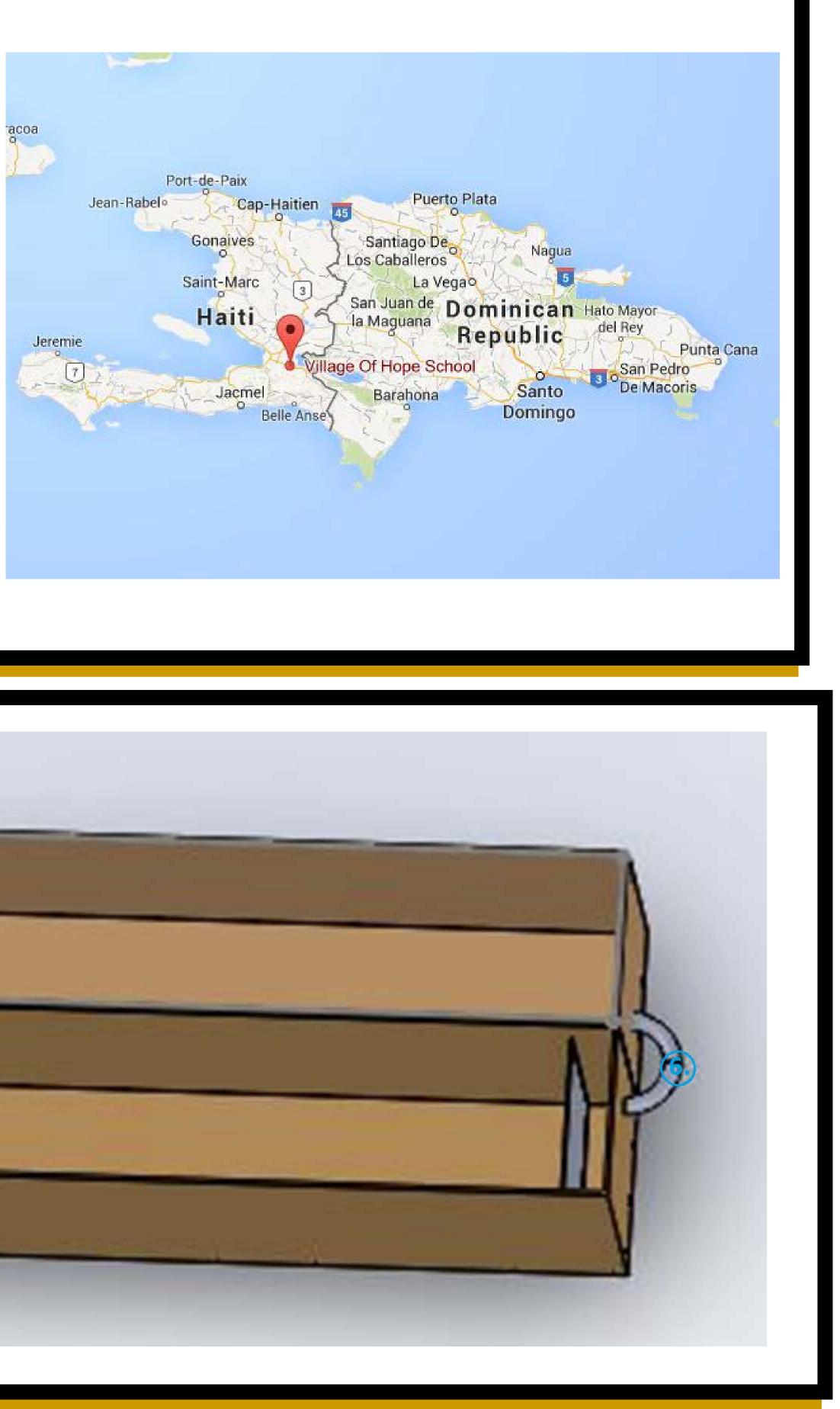
Village of Hope is located 45 minutes inland of Port Au Prince. In Haiti, a majority of the land is owned by a few people, which restricts how much land is available for smaller farming operations. Intensive agriculture could be helpful in efforts to increase local food production. Village of Hope recognizes this opportunity and is looking for ways to incorporate higher level education into food security and availability through aquaculture systems. This project is a portion of what will hopefully be a full agricultural college.

Multi-Tank System



Acknowledgements: Bob Rode – Purdue University Aquaculture Research Lab George Benda, CEO – EEI, Inc.





Description **Estimated Cost** Will vary based on availability in Haiti-feed \$1,000 bins, plastic water catchment containers, or frames with food grade liners \$600 Piping to move water through systems A large tank with two spillways that help slow \$800 and trap large sediment A large tank filled with balls that add surface \$800 area to encourage bacteria growth Air compressor to be fitted with bubblers and \$2,000 split into all fish tanks and denitrification system Moves water faster and allows tanks to be \$1,300 level Storage closets, siphons, tank cribs, nets, \$1,500 misc. \$8,000.00 Budget based on off-the-shelf costs, when constructing, materials could be obtained through other cheaper means

Alternative **Solutions:**

One of the two main systems the team investigated was a Biofloc aquaculture system. Biofloc is a system involving one long tank that holds all of the fish. Since this system is usually limited by the amount of oxygen dissolved in the water, air stones or similar aeration devices line the sides of the tank. Treated water is pumped back along the length of the tank. This combination of water and air gets the water in the tank circulating and promotes the development of microbes that can remove the ammonia produced by the fish. The fish consume these microbes, saving money on feed as well as ammonia removal. However, this system is less intuitive, adaptable, and reliable. Based on the needs of the project sponsors and technical advisors, the multitank aquaculture system was selected for the Village of Hope system.

Global Impacts and Sustainability:

This project could have a very big impact on the world and environment, as it adds wealth and food security to one of the poorest countries in the world. The fish species and system design were specifically selected so that, with good management practices, the global net protein could be increased without the

environment suffering. Water that is siphoned out of the sedimentation tank is rich with fish manure containing nitrogen in the form of ammonia. When nitrogen is in this form, it is an excellent fertilizer for crops. The use of this water on a nearby garden would help in reducing water and fertilizer use for food



production. The overall sourcing of protein, fertilizer, and garden water would greatly increase the community's self reliance, productivity, and sustainability. As these systems get distributed across Haiti, more readily available, quality food will be accessible.



